

ALPHA SERIES CORIOLIS MASS FLOWMETERS

AI.RCMF



OVERVIEW

Direct mass flow measurement without the influences of density, viscosity, temperature and pressure
The best flow solutions for high-pressure and cryogenic applications
Wide turndown is up to 50:1
Modular transmitter design with more functional options
Integrated explosion-proof and anti-corrosion sensor design
High precision measurement performance is the best for industrial process control
ATEX certification has been granted

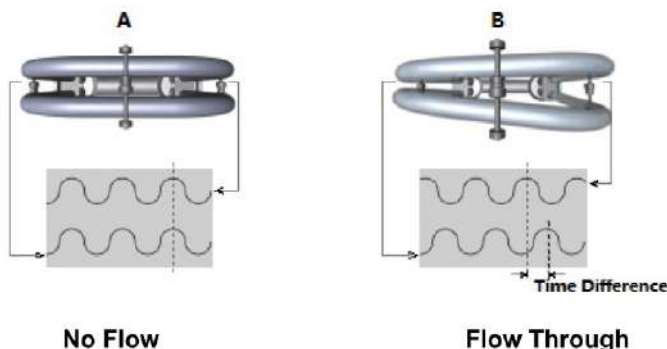
PRINCIPLE

The Alpha series Coriolis mass flowmeter works on the principle of Coriolis effect.
This flowmeter directly measures mass flow, density and temperature; meanwhile it calculates volume flow, total flow and fluid composition in real-time.

MASS FLOW MEASUREMENT

The flow tubes are forced to oscillate to produce sine waves by an external exciter: When no process fluid flows through the two tubes, the vibration of the tubes won't produce a phase shift with each other; However, when the process fluid flows through the tubes, the Coriolis forces cause the tubes to be twisted to produce a phase shift.

The measured time difference between the waves is directly proportional to the mass flow rate. See the diagrams below:



DENSITY MEASUREMENT

The flow tubes can be vibrated at their resonance frequency. Changes of the mass of the process fluid inside the tubes will result in the corresponding changes to the tube resonance frequency.
This frequency changes of the tube are used to calculate the fluid density.

TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT

Process temperature is directly measured by the temperature sensor which is mounted on one of the two tubes. The process temperature variable can be set as a signal output when necessary; Meanwhile, internal of the flow transmitter, this variable is also used to compensate temperature influences on the material elasticity for improving the measurement performance.

APPLICATION

Alpha series mass flowmeter is competent to the most complex and challenging environment for liquid, gas and slurry applications. This flowmeter is widely used in process measurement and custody transfer with the advantages of short response time, high precision measurement performance and less daily maintenance.

| Fluid | Typical Application | Industry | |
|---|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Liquid ● Gas ● Slurry | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Custody Transfer ■ Reactor Feed Ratio ■ Density Measurement ■ Batch Control | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Chemicals ◆ Food & Beverages ◆ Machinery ◆ Minerals & Mining ◆ Oil & Gas | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Pharmaceuticals ◆ Power Plant ◆ Pulp & Paper ◆ Water ◆ Waste Water |

1



Example One: As a key component, the Alpha mass flowmeter is installed in a truck-loading cryogenic system for batch operation.

2



3



Example Two: The Alpha mass flowmeters are installed inside a chemical plant for the raw chemical material process measurement.




Example Three: An Alpha mass flowmeter is installed in a gas station for the fuel measurement.

SPECIFICATION

Sensor Specification, Main Specification

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Accuracy | Liquid: $\pm 0.10\%$, $\pm 0.15\%$ $\pm 0.20\%$, and $\pm 0.50\%$ |
| Repeatability | $\pm 0.05\%$ |
| Density | $\pm 0.002\text{g/cm}^3$ |
| Process Temperature | $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ ($\pm 33.8^\circ\text{F}$) |
| Ambient Temperature | -40 to $+55^\circ\text{C}$ (-40 to 131°F) |
| Relative Humidity | $\leq 95\%$, non-condensing |
| Process Fluid | Gas, Liquid |
| Sensor Body | 304 |
| Flow Tube | 316L |
| Transmitter Housing | Cast Aluminum Alloy with Epoxy Polyurethane Coatings |

Other Technical Data


| Style | Sensor | Applicable Temp | Process Temperature | Working Pressure | Meter Type | Process Connection |
|---|--|-------------------------|--|---|------------|--------------------|
|  | CNG-15 CNG-20 | Normal Temp. | $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim +80^\circ\text{C}$ | $\leq 25\text{ MPa}$ | Remote | M32*1.5 M42*2 |
|  | 03TA 06TA 15TA 20TA 25TA 40TA | Low Temp / High Temp | -196 to $+300^\circ\text{C}$ (-320.8 to $+572^\circ\text{F}$) | $\leq 4\text{MPa}$ ($\leq 40\text{Bar}$) Max. 25MPa (250Bar) | Remote | Flange |
|  | 50UA 80UA 100UA 150UA 200UA | Low Temp / High Temp | -196 to $+300^\circ\text{C}$ (-320.8 to $+572^\circ\text{F}$) | $\leq 4\text{MPa}$ ($\leq 40\text{Bar}$) | Remote | Flange |

Note: Customized product is available when working pressure exceeds the specified ranges in this table

Transmitter Specification, Main Specification

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Power Supply | 85 to 265VAC,50/60Hz or 12 to 24VDC (±5%) |
| Max. Power Consumption | 10 watts |
| Signal Output | Analog (4 to 20mA), Pulse/Frequency (0 to 10kHz) |
| Digital Communication | Modbus over RS-485, HART (optional) |
| Variable | Mass Flow, Volume Flow, Mass Total, Volume Total, Temperature, Density, Standard Flow, and Standard Total |
| Ambient Temperature | -40 to +55°C (-40 to 131°F) |
| Process Connection | M20×1.5; 1/2-inch NPT (optional) |

Other Technical Data

| Transmitter | Style | Display | | Signal Output | | |
|-------------|--|---------|------|------------------|------------|-------------|
| | | Without | With | Modbus on RS-485 | Pulse/Freq | Analog/HART |
| F23 |  | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |

Size and Flow

| Sensor | Size | | Max Flowrate | | | | |
|--------|------|------|--------------|--------|---------|-------|-------|
| | inch | mm | kg/min | Lb/min | gal/min | kg/h | l/h |
| CNG15 | 1/2 | DN15 | 50 | 110 | 13 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| CNG20 | 3/4 | DN20 | 120 | 264 | 30 | 7,200 | 7,200 |
| O3TA | 1/8 | DN03 | 2 | 4.4 | 0.5 | 120 | 120 |
| O6TA | 1/4 | DN06 | 20 | 44 | 5 | 1200 | 1200 |
| 15TA | 1/2 | DN15 | 50 | 110 | 13 | 3000 | 3000 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| 20TA | 3/4 | DN20 | 120 | 264 | 30 | 7200 | 7200 |
| 25TA | 1 | DN25 | 200 | 440 | 50 | 12000 | 12000 |
| 40TA | 1-1/2 | DN40 | 500 | 1100 | 130 | 30000 | 30000 |
| 50UA | 2 | DN50 | 1000 | 2200 | 260 | 60000 | 60000 |
| 80UA | 3 | DN80 | 2500 | 5500 | 652 | 150000 | 150000 |
| 100UA | 4 | DN100 | 4000 | 8800 | 1043 | 240000 | 240000 |
| 150UA | 6 | DN150 | 13, 000 | 28, 600 | 3, 250 | 780, 000 | 780, 000 |
| 200UA | 8 | DN200 | 26, 000 | 57, 200 | 6, 500 | 1, 560, 000 | 1, 560, 000 |

Accuracy and Repeatability

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|--|
| Mass Flow Accuracy | <20:1 | ±0.10% |
| | >20:1 | ±0.10% ± [(zero stability/flow rate)×100]% |
| Volume Flow Accuracy | <20:1 | ±0.10% |
| | >20:1 | ±0.10% ± [(zero stability/flow rate)×100]% |
| Repeatability | <20:1 | ±0.075% |

Zero Stability

Zero stability is used when the flow rate approaches the low end of flow range where the meter accuracy begins to deviate from the stated accuracy ratings. See the description in the Turndown section below. When the meter operates at the low end of flow range, the accuracy begins to deviate from the stated accuracy rating.

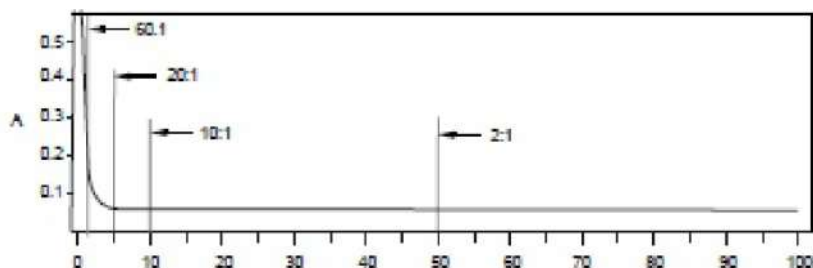
The meter accuracy is calculated by the formula: accuracy - (zero stability/flow rate) x 100%

Zero stability is the value obtained in the laboratory for calculating the expected sensor accuracy. Under zero flow laboratory conditions, the average flow rate measured by the calibration system should be within the range defined by the sensor's zero stability value ($0 \pm$ zero stability). Each sensor has a unique zero stability. By statistics, about 95% of the flow rates should thin the range defined by the zero stability.

| Sensor | 06TA | 15TA | 20TA | 25TA | 40TA | 50UA | 80UA | 100UA |
|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| kg/h | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.63 | 1.7 | 5 | 8 | 15 |

Turndown

The graph and table below represent an example of the measurement characteristics under various flow conditions. At flow rates requiring large turndowns (greater than 20:1), the zero stability values may begin to govern capability dependent upon flow conditions and meter in use.



A. Accuracy, %

B. Flow rate, % of nominal

The following table shows accuracy and pressure drop across flow rate for a typical sensor of 50UA:

| Turndown from nominal flow rate | 20:1 | 15:1 | 10:1 | 1.5:1 | 1:1 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| Accuracy ($\pm\%$) | 0.14 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Pressure Drop (MPa) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.23 |

Note: When the maximum flowrate exceeds the permissible flow range, the measurement accuracy will be affected by the noise of the pipeline.

Density Performance (Liquid only)

| Unit | g/cm ³ | kg/m ³ |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Accuracy | ± 0.002 | ± 1 |
| Repeatability | ± 0.0005 | ± 0.5 |
| Measurement Range | 0.2 to 3 | 200 to 3,000 |

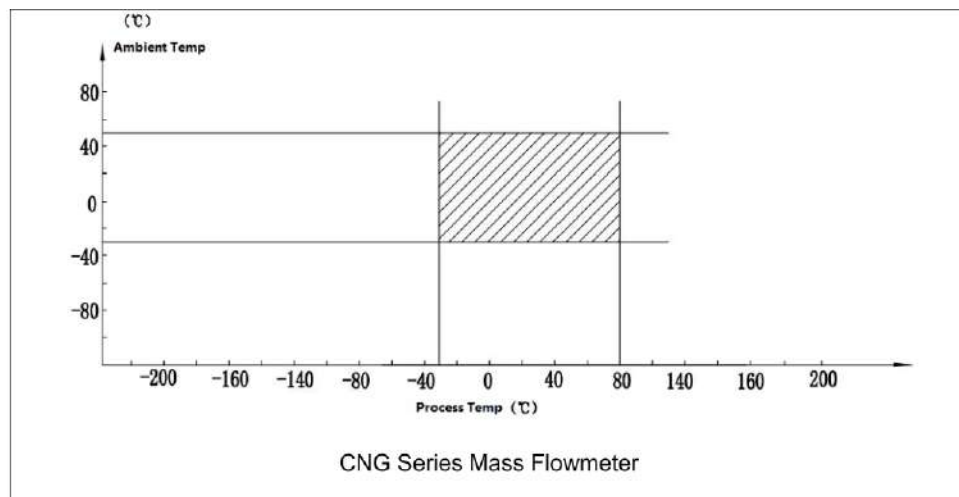
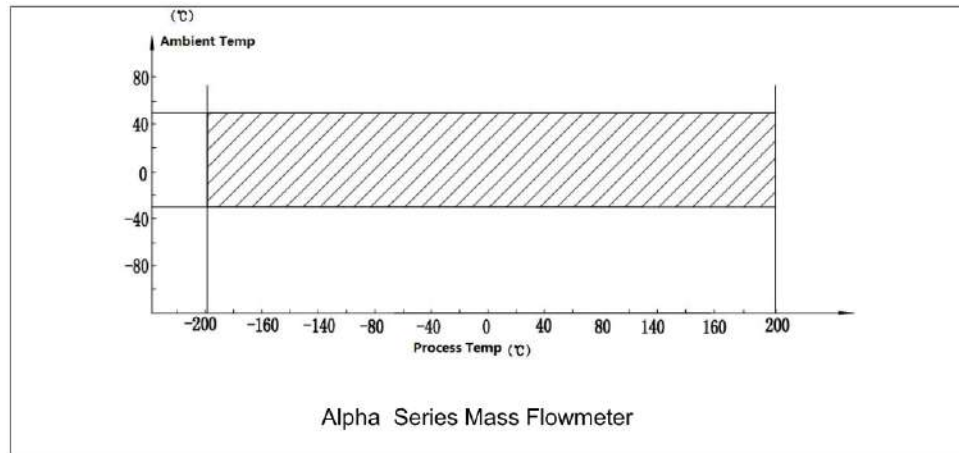
Temperature Performance

Sensors can be used in the process and ambient temperature ranges shown in the temperature limit figures. For the purposes of selecting transmitter options, temperature limit figures should be used only as a general guide. If the process conditions are close to the shaded area, we recommend that customers should consult with our local Reliant Instruments representatives.

Note:

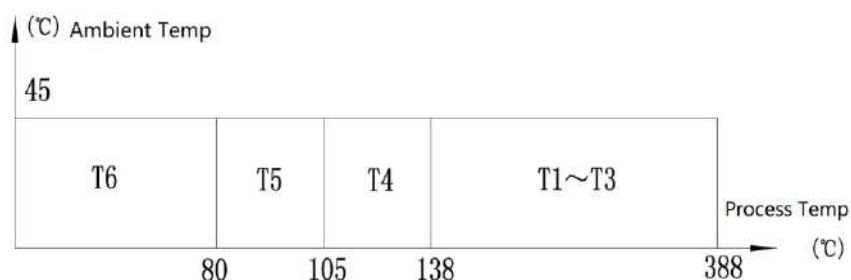
- In all cases, the transmitter cannot be operated where the ambient temperature is below -40°C (-40°F) or above $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($+140^{\circ}\text{F}$). If a sensor is to be used where the ambient temperature is outside of the range permissible for the transmitter, the transmitter must be remotely located where the ambient temperature is within the permissible range, as indicated by the shaded areas of the temperature limit figure
- Temperature limits may be further restricted by hazardous area approvals. Refer to the hazardous area approval documentation which is shipped with the sensor.
- The remote-mount transmitter allows the sensor case to be insulated without covering the transmitter, or the junction box, and this insulation should not affect the temperature ratings. When insulating the sensor case at elevated process temperatures (above $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ or 140°F), please ensure the transmitter is not enclosed in insulation as this may lead to transmitter failure

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| Temperature Accuracy | All series | $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($\pm 33.8^{\circ}\text{F}$) |
| Temperature Limits | All series | See the figures below |



| | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Process Temperature limits | Alpha Series Mass Flowmeter | -196 to +300°C <i>(-320.8 to +572°F)</i> |
| | CNG Series Mass Flowmeter | -30 to +80°C <i>(-22 to +176°F)</i> |
| Ambient Temperature limits | Storage | -50 to +65°C <i>(-58 to +149°F)</i> |
| | Operation | -40 to +55°C <i>(-40 to +131°F)</i> |

The "T" group refers to the maximum surface temperature at which the sensor operates at an ambient temperature of 45 °C , as shown in the figure below:



Hazardous Area Classification, Approval and Certification

ATEX

| | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ex-mark | F23 | Ex II 2G Ex db [ib] IIC T6...T1 Gb |
| Ex Certificate No. | TPS 18 ATEX 045116 001X | |
| Enclosure Rating | IP67 | |

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Ex-mark | CNG15,CNG20,CG06 to CG100 | Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T6...T1 Gb |
| Ex Certificate No. | TPS 18 ATEX 045116 001X | |
| Enclosure Rating | IP67 | |

IEC Ex (Under Certification)

| | | |
|------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Ex-mark | F23 | Ex db [ib] IIC T6...T1 Gb |
| Enclosure Rating | IP67 | |

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Ex-mark | CNG15,CNG20,CG06 to CG100 | Ex ib IIC T6...T1 Gb |
| Enclosure Rating | IP67 | |

Dimension

Unit in mm

Error: ±2mm

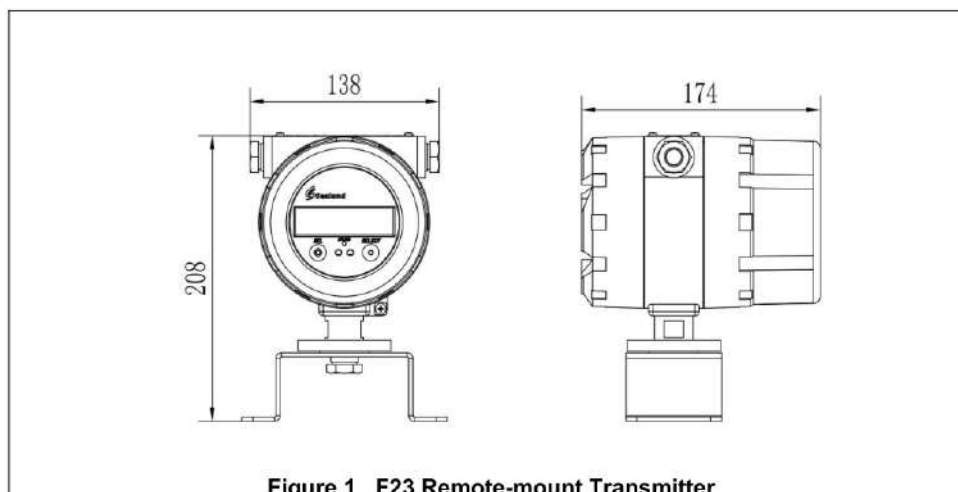


Figure 1 F23 Remote-mount Transmitter

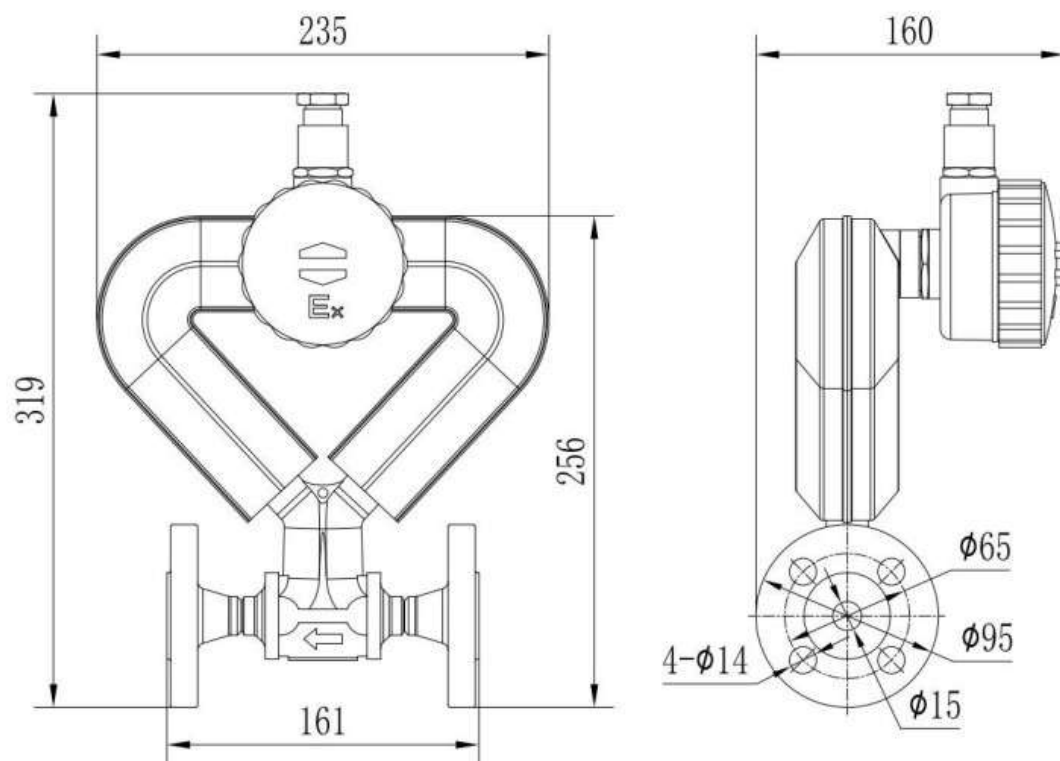


Figure 2 06TA Sensor

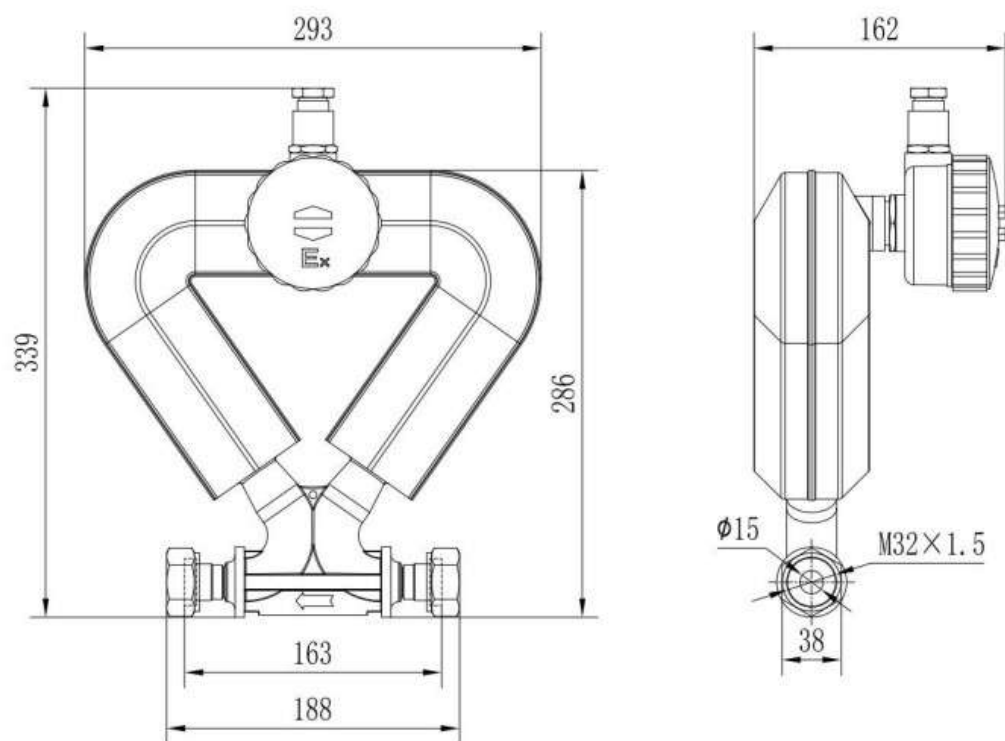


Figure 3 15TA Sensor

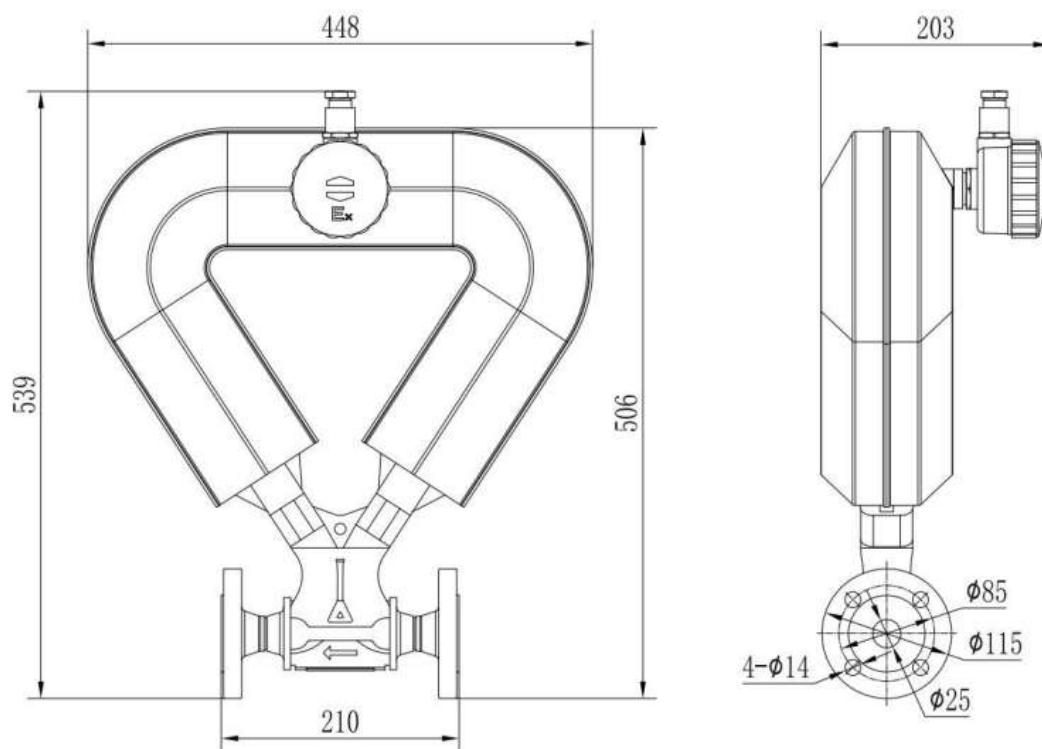


Figure 4 25TASensor

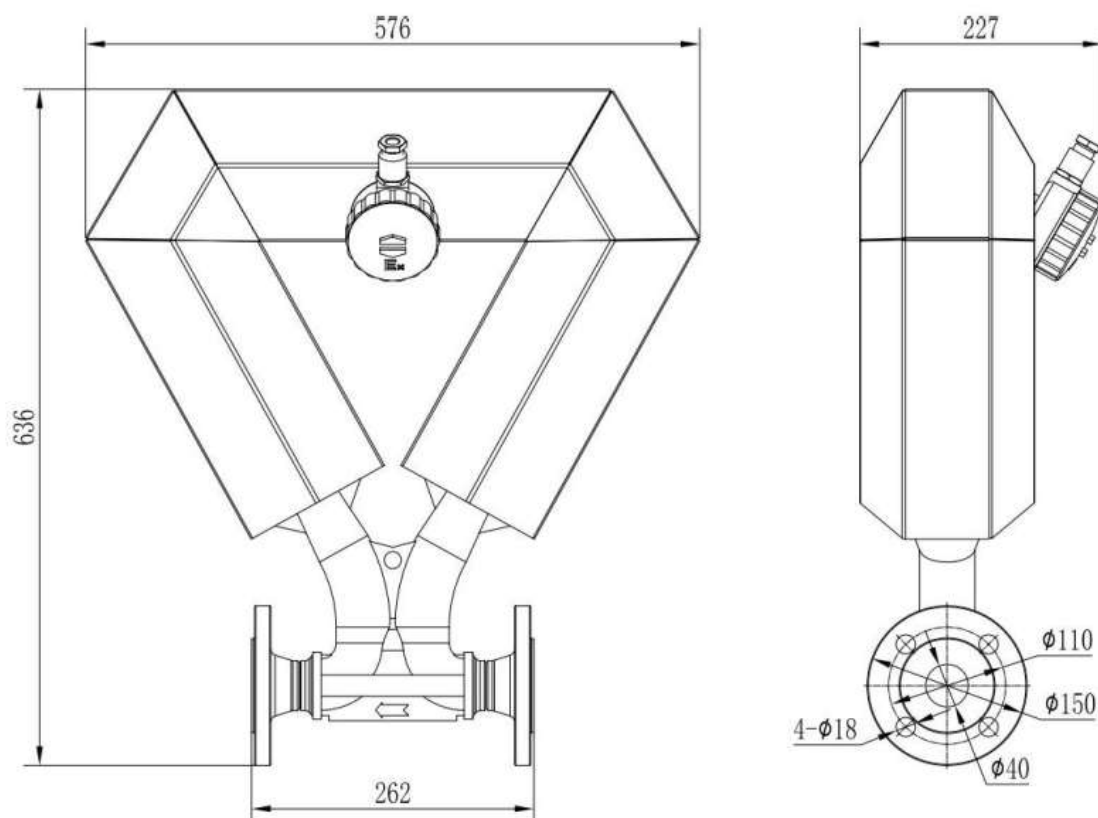


Figure 5 40TA Sensor

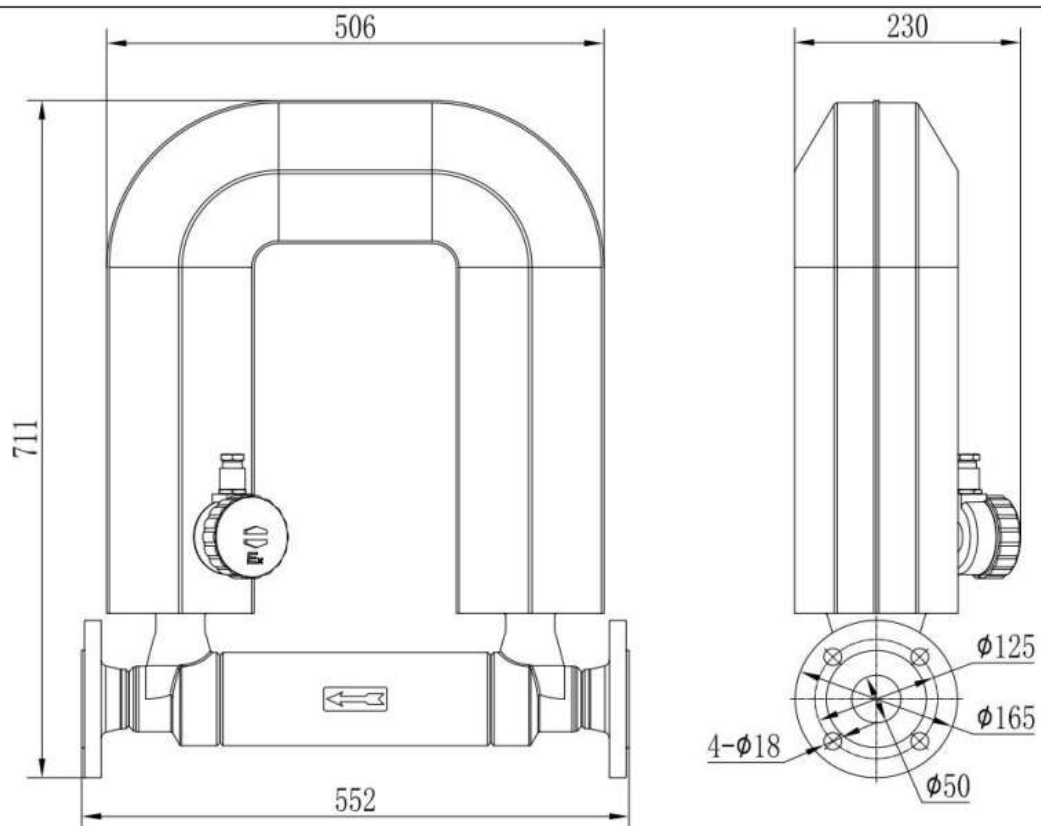


Figure 6 50UA Sensor

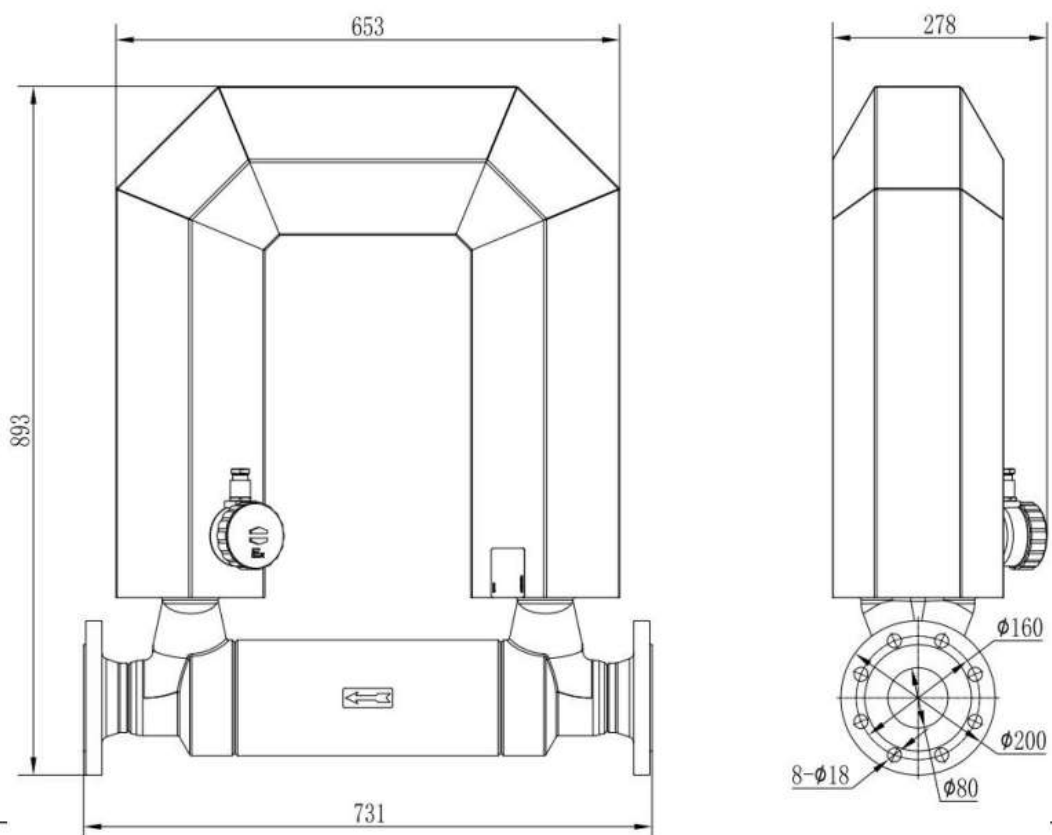


Figure 7 80UA Sensor

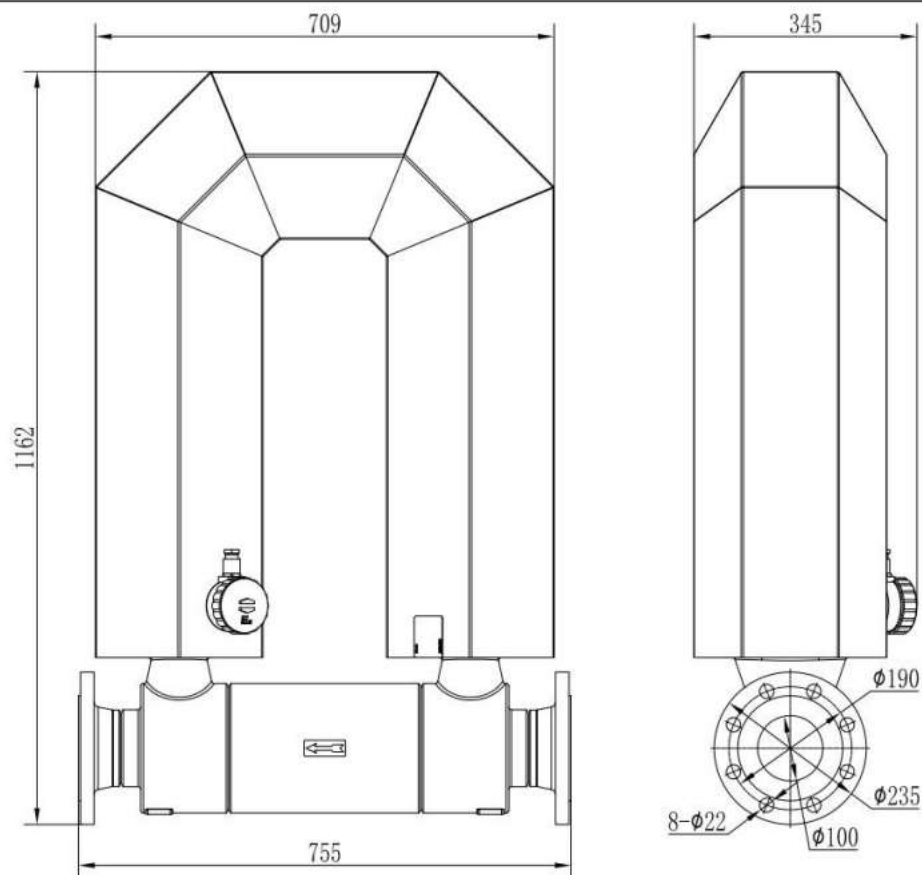
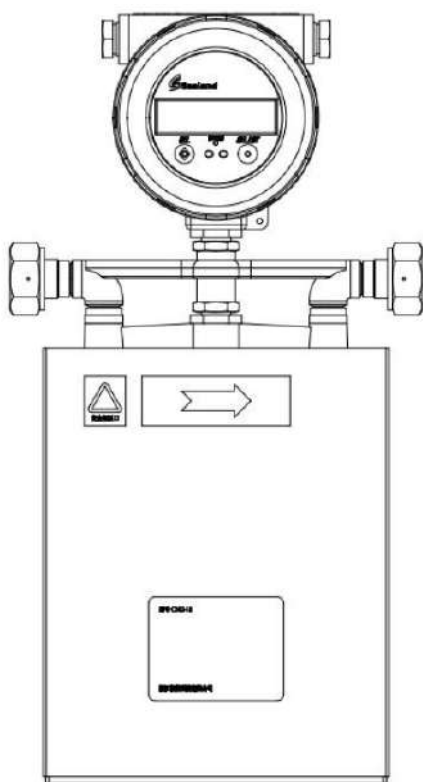


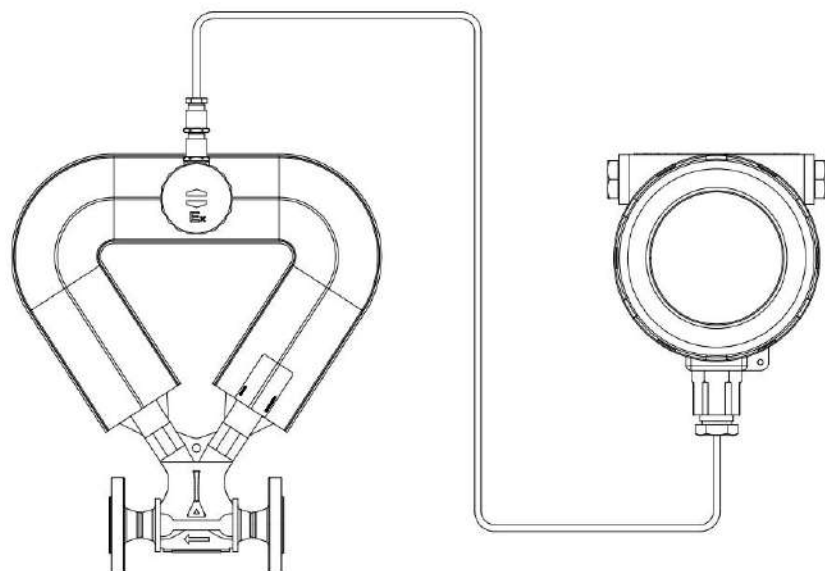
Figure 8 100UASensor

Meter Type



Compact

Remote



Sensor Installation

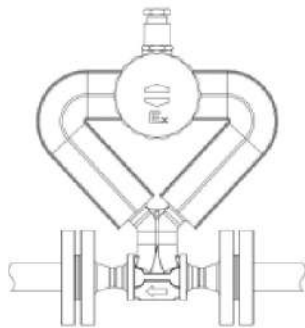
Sensor installation has significant effect on the performance of a mass flowmeter. In general the installation should be chosen to ensure the flow tube which is always filled with the process fluid and to prevent accumulation of other medias.



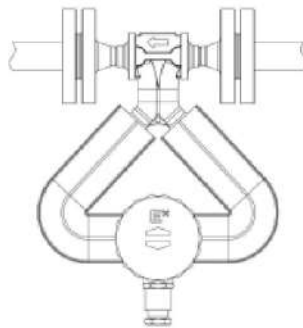
CAUTION

- Ensure that explosion-proof rating, enclosure rating, and process & ambient temperature limits marked on the nameplate meet or exceed the application requirements
- When a sensor installed horizontally or vertically, flow direction of the process fluid must be consistent with the "Arrow" indicator on the sensor body
- When flagpole installation is adopted, the flow direction of the process fluid must be from bottom to top
- The sensor must be mounted on a firm base plate or with flanges

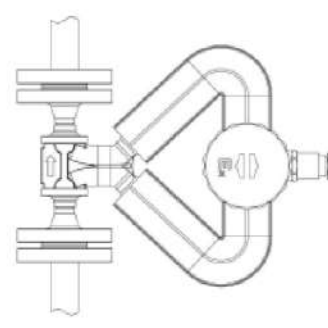
Typical installations recommended



Upright Installation for Gas



Inverted Installation for Liquid



Flagpole Installation for Slurry

- Upright installation is recommended if the process fluid is a liquid, and the process fluid is easily vaporized. Upright installation prevents the accumulation of vapor or air in the sensor tubes
- Inverted installation is recommended if the process fluid is a liquid with entrained solids, or if the process fluid is a gas which may condense. Inverted installation prevents higher density media from accumulating in the flow tubes
- Flagpole installation is a compromise. It is recommended if the process fluid is a slurry mixture, or if the pipe is to be purged with gas or steam

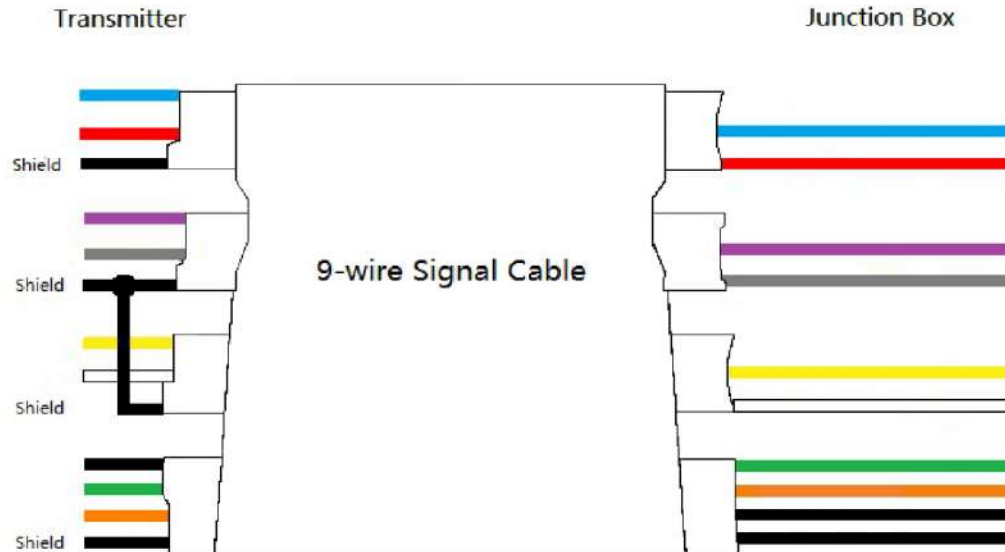
Wiring, wire shielded signal cable

For the remote mass flowmeter, it's strongly required to use the dedicated 9-wire shielded signal cable to connect the sensor with the transmitter at the installation place. Before conduct the signal cable wiring, please fully understand the wiring terminals in the transmitter and in the Junction Box respectively.

Note:

Must use the dedicated 9-wire shielded cable for the signal wiring. This cable is offered by the manufacturer. Default length of this cable is 3m (10ft), and it can be extended up to 100m (328ft)

DIAGRAM OF THE CABLE WIRING IS SHOWN BELOW



THE TRANSMITTER I/O BOARD WIRING TERMINALS

| Code | R+ | R- | PE | L+ | L- |
|-------------|---------------|--------|----------------|--------------|--------|
| Color | White | Yellow | Black (Shield) | Gray | Purple |
| Description | Right Pickoff | | | Left Pickoff | |

| Code | TPE | S2 | S1 | C1 | DPE | D- | D+ |
|-------------|--------------------|-------|-------|--------|----------------|-----|------|
| Color | Black (Shield) | Black | Green | Orange | Black (Shield) | Red | Blue |
| Description | Temperature Sensor | | | | Drive Coil | | |

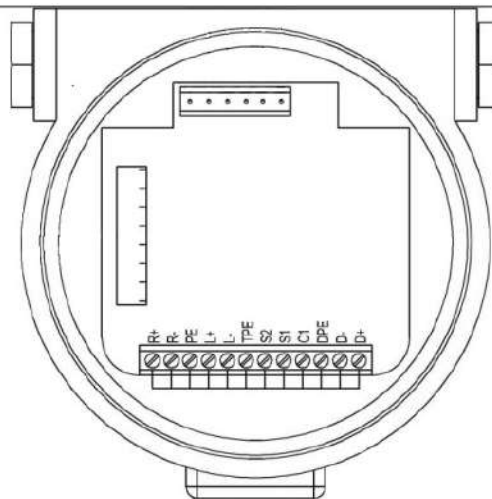
THE TRANSMITTER I/O BOARD WIRING TERMINALS

| Code | L- | L+ | R- | R+ |
|-------------|--------------|------|---------------|-------|
| Color | Purple | Gray | Yellow | White |
| Description | Left Pickoff | | Right Pickoff | |

| Code | D- | D+ | TPE | S2 | S1 | C1 |
|-------------|------------|------|--------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| Color | Red | Blue | Black (Shield) | Black | Green | Orange |
| Description | Drive Coil | | Temperature Sensor | | | |



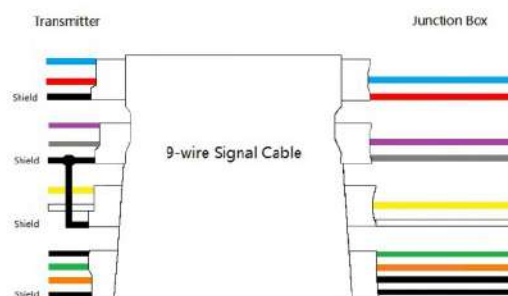
F23 Transmitter



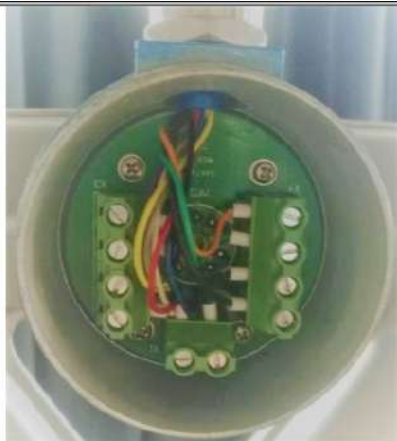
Transmitter I/O Board



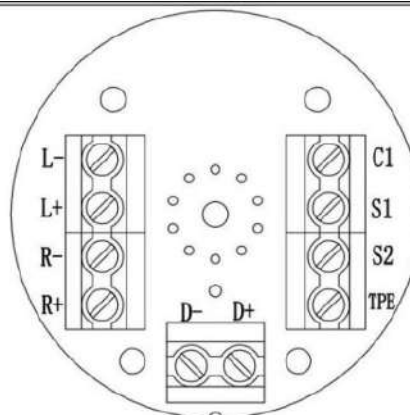
Cable Connecting to Junction Box



9-wire Shielded Signal Cable



Junction Box



Terminal Board

ORDERING INFORMATION

Sensor Model Selection

| Item | Code | Code Description |
|---|-------|---|
| Product | RCMF | Reliant Coriolis Mass Flowmeter |
| Sensor Size <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | 06TA | DN06 Max Flow: 20kg/min (water) |
| | 10TA | DN10 Max Flow: 30kg/min (water) |
| | 15TA | DN15 Max Flow: 50kg/min (water) 30 kg/min (CNG) |
| | 20TA | DN20 Max Flow: 120kg/min (water) 70 kg/min (CNG) |
| | 25TA | DN25 Max Flow: 200kg/min (water) 80 kg/min (LNG) |
| | 40TA | DN40 Max Flow: 500kg/min (water) |
| | 50UA | DN50 Max Flow: 1000kg/min (water) |
| | 80UA | DN80 Max Flow: 3000kg/min (water) |
| | 100UA | DN100 Max Flow: 4000kg/min (water) |
| Flow Tube <input type="checkbox"/> | L | 316L |
| | T | Special order |
| Pressure Rating <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | 04 | 4MPa (40 Bar) |
| | 25 | 25MPa (250Bar) |
| | CD | Special order, upon customer's technical requirements |
| Fluid Temperature <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | -196 to +180°C |
| | 2 | -50 to +300°C |
| | 3 | Special order |
| Accuracy <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | ±0.10% |
| | 2 | ±0.15% |
| | 3 | ±0.20% |
| | 4 | ±0.50% |
| Process Connection <input type="checkbox"/> | C1 | Thread |
| | C2 | Flange |
| | C3 | Special order |
| Heat Insulation <input type="checkbox"/> | 0 | N/A |
| | 1 | Steam heating |
| | 2 | Electricity heating |
| Accessory <input type="checkbox"/> | 0 | N/A |
| | 1 | 3m (10ft) cable |
| | 2 | SST flanges & bolts & nuts + Metal graphite pad + 3m (10ft) cable |
| | 3 | Special order |

An example of sensor model

| | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| RCMF | 15TA | L | 25 | 2 | 1 | C1 | 1 | 1 |
|------|------|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|

Product: RCMF / **Sensor Size:** DN15 mm / **Flow Tube Material:** 316L / **High Pressure,** working pressure $\leq 25\text{MPa}$ / **Fluid Temp.** -50 to +300°C / **Accuracy:** $\pm 0.2\%$ / **Process Connection:** thread, internal thread: G3/4" / **Heat Insulation:** steam heating / **Accessory:** 3m cable

| Transmitter Model Selection | | |
|---|------|--|
| Item | Code | Code Description |
| | F23 | IP67, Ex d[ib] IIB/IIC T6...T1 Gb (T6 covers of T1...T6) |
| Display <input type="checkbox"/> | 0 | Without display |
| | 1 | With display |
| Power Supply <input type="checkbox"/> | A | 85 to 265VAC, 50/60 Hz |
| | D | 12 to 24VDC ($\pm 5\%$) |
| Interface & Signal Output <input type="checkbox"/> | B | RS-485 |
| | N | Pulse/Frequency + RS-485 |
| | I | Analog + RS-485 |
| | H | HART (optional) + Analog + Pulse /Frequency |
| | T | Special order |
| Conduit Connection <input type="checkbox"/> | W | N/A |
| | M | M20*1.5, or 1/2-inch NPT (optional) - no gland (default) |
| | T | ATEX / IEC Ex approved conduit connection |
| Meter Type <input type="checkbox"/> | 0 | Remote |
| | 1 | Compact |

An example of transmitter model

| | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|
| F23 | 1 | A | I | M | 0 |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|

Transmitter: F23 / **Display:** with / **Power Supply:** 85 to 265VAC / **Signal Output:** 4-20mA / **Conduit Connection:** M20*1.5 / **Meter Type:** Remote



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System ISO 9001:2015
Cert n°38785/19/S